AN 134:58006 CA TI Waterproof and thermally insulating white elastic coatings IN Yang, Dingzhong; Liu, Enlin PΑ Chongqing Yangcai Industry Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 8 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV DT Patent LA Chinese IC ICM C09D121-02 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 39, 58 FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE . APPLICATION NO. DATE ---- ------------------CN 1250071 A 20000412 CN 1999-115155 19990921 PRAI CN 1998-124050 A 19981231 Title coatings, useful for roofs, comprise synthetic rubber latexes 35-50, hollow microspheres 15-40, pigments and fillers 10-25, antiseptics or fungicides 0.2-0.3, wetting agents 0.1-0.3, vulcanizers 1.0-3.5, antioxidants 0.2-0.5, tackifiers 3.0-5.0, accelerators 0.2-0.5, pH adjusters 0.01-0.1%, and water. The above coating could also contain dispersants, defoamers, antifreezing agents, thickeners, and hydrophobic agents. A typical coating comprised 55% SBR/butyl rubber blend-contg. latex 35, hollow ceramic beads 40, pigment/filler 10, KTPP (dispersant) 0.1, Triton X 405 0.2, ZnO/MgO 1.0, Antioxidant 264 0.2, an EVA emulsion 5.0, Nocceler DM 0.1, BYK 034 0.2, M 8 (fungicide) 0.3, Rhoplex TT 935 0.4, ethylene glycol 0.5, BS 1306 1.0, and water 6% with 0.01 part 35% water glass soln. waterproof thermal insulating white rubber coating roof ST ΙT Polysiloxanes, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

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L7

L7 ANSWER 51 OF 111 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 129:332986 CA

TI Explosive based on water-in fuel emulsion of ammonium nitrate and sodium nitrate

IN Beitia Gomez de Segura, Fernando; Quintana Angulo, Jose Ramon; Gonzalez Ocejo, Agustin

PA Union Espanola De Explosivos, S.A., Spain

SO Span., 8 pp. CODEN: SPXXAD

DT Patent

LA Spanish

IC ICM C06B031-28

CC 50-4 (Propellants and Explosives)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	ES 2114781	A1	19980601	ES 1994-2467	19941130
	ES 2114781	B1	19990401		
PRAT	ES 1994-2467		19941130		

The detonator-sensitive explosive comprises an aq. soln. contg. 50-70% ammonium nitrate and sodium nitrate in discontinuous phase where the water content is 13-25%, 2-20% combustible org. phase, 0.2-7% emulsifier, a gas, and less than 30% cooling reagents, where the proportion of oxidating salts in the formulation is 50-90%. The emulsion explosive is sensitized by incorporation of a gas attained by injection of air, use of gas generating reactions, or use of hollow particles, to a final d. of 0.5 to 1.4 g/cm3. The material is shaped in the form of a cartridge wrapped in paper and the formulation is obtained by prepg. the aq. soln. of nitrate salts and the org. phase with or without emulsifier, mixing, dispersing hollow particles in the emulsion or injecting air, adding cooling agents, and loading the cartridge. Thus, a formulation contg. ammonium nitrate, sodium nitrate, water, sorbitan monooleate, cryst. wax, and glass microspheres was obtained by mixing pre-prepd. phases, dispersing glass microspheres to achieve a d. of 1.15 g/cm3; the final explosive was packed in a paper cartridge. The explosive cartridge had detonation rate of 4800 m/s, explosive power of 60%, and short mortar test of 1/10 and is suitable for use in flammable environments, e.g., underground coal mines.

ST ammonium nitrate water oil emulsion explosive; glass

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AN
      128:78953 CA
      Cementing compositions for cementing oil (or similar) wells, and their use
 TI
      in arctic zones and deep-water wells
 IN
      Villar, John; Baret, Jean-francois; Michaux, Michel; Dargoud, Bernard
 PΑ
      Sofitech N.V., Belg.
 SO
      Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.
      CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT
      Patent
 LA
     English
 IC
      ICM C04B028-06
      ICS C04B038-00; E21B033-13
     58-3 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)
CC
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                      A1 19971229 EP 1997-401376 19970617
PΙ
     EP 814067
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
                      A1
                          19971219
     FR 2749844
                                          FR 1997-1849
                                                           19970212
                     B1 19981030
     FR 2749844
                     Α
     NO 9702799
                            19971219
                                          NO 1997-2799
                                                           19970617
BR 9703012
PRAI FR 1996-7544
TD 1997-1849
                     Α
                           20011127
                                          BR 1997-3615
                                                           19970617
                     Α
                           19960618
                           19970212
                      Α
     FR 1996-7554
                           19960618
                      Α
     The compns. comprise a medium component and contain at least aluminous
AB
     cement, fine particles, and a lightwt. material, i.e., hollow
     microspheres, water to give porosity of 25-50,
     preferably 30-40%, and a dispersant, setting accelerator, and, optionally,
     conventional additives. The compns. are used for cementing conductor
     pipes in arctic zones and in deep-water wells. A mixt.
     consisting of aluminous cement 40, Cenospheres (hollow glass
     microspheres) 50, and finely ground quartz 10 vol.%, and citric
     acid (dispersant) 1, and Li2CO3 (accelerator) 0.01 g/600 mL gave plastic
     viscosity 204 cP, yield point 4.2 lb/100 ft2, free water 0 mL,
     and thickening time 5 h 30 min.
ST
    cementing oil well arctic deep water; aluminous cement cementing
    oil well; fine quartz aluminous cement; silica flour aluminous cement;
     lightwt aggregate filler aluminous cement; hollow glass
    microsphere lightwt filler; Cenosphere hollow glass
    microsphere; dispersant setting accelerator cement; citric acid
    dispersant; polynaphthalenesulfonate dispersant; polymelaminesulfonate
    dispersant; nitrogen porous cement; butadiene styrene latex
    lightwt aggregate; lithium carbonate setting accelerator; antifoaming
```

ANSWER 55 OF 111 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

agent latex aggregate

Setting agents

ΙT

1.7

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AN
     123:16198 CA
 ΤI
     Two-component rapid-setting mortar systems based on a hydraulic binder and
     additives, especially for anchor bolts
     Weber, Christian; Gruen, Juergen
 ΙN
     UPAT GmbH and Co., Germany
 PΑ
 SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
 LA
     German
     ICM C04B028-04
 TC
     ICS C04B024-24; C04B040-00
CC
     58-3 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                         -----
                     ----
PΙ
     EP 650942
                     A1 19950503
                                        EP 1994-116061 19941012
     EP 650942
                     B1 19980617
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IE, IT, LI, NL, SE
     DE 4337264
                     A1 19950504
                                        DE 1993-4337264 19931102
     AT 167465
                      E
                          19980715
                                         AT 1994-116061
                                                          19941012
     ES 2119043
                      T3 19981001
                                         ES 1994-116061
                                                          19941012
PRAI DE 1993-4337264
                           19931102
     The mortar is addnl. mixed with an alkali-resistant, radical-hardening
     resin. These rapid-setting compns. have high strength. A mixt.
     consisting of aluminous cement type 1 (Al203 50.4, CaO 36.6, SiO2 6.7 wt.
     parts) 20, type 2 (Al2O3 71, CaO 27 wt. parts) 20, sand (0.04-0.15) 30 and
     (0.08-0.2) 30, o-phthalic acid ester soln. in styrene (60 wt.%) 100,
     dimethyl-p-toluidine 0.3, diethyleneanilin 0.4 (as accelerators), SiO2
     fume (thixotropic agent) 2.0, ethoxylated alkylphenol (emulsifier) 1.5,
     dibenzoyl peroxide 4, water 38, hollow glass
    microspheres 1.1, polymethylmethacrylate 34, Na3PO4 12,
    methylhydroxyxcellulose 0.9, and ethyleneglycol 10 wt. parts gave 1-h
    pull-out strength 60 kN.
ST
    cement resin anchor bolt mortar; aluminous cement anchor bolt mortar;
    portland cement anchor bolt mortar; rapid setting mortar anchor bolt;
    radical polymg resin mortar
IT
    Filling materials
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ANSWER 70 OF 111 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

L7

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AN
      132:184478 CA
 ΤI
      Refractory powder composition containing an aqueous binder, and
      its applications
 IN
      Frot, Didier; Frot, Nadine
 PΑ
 SO
      Fr. Demande, 14 pp.
      CODEN: FRXXBL
 DT
      Patent
      French
 LA
 IC
      ICM C04B035-78
      ICS C04B035-66; C04B035-14; B28B007-34
 ICA A61C005-08
      57-6 (Ceramics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 55, 56, 63
 FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                          -----
                                                           ------
PΙ
     FR 2779425
                      A1
                            19991210
                                          FR 1998-7070
                                                           19980605
                      B1
     FR 2779425
                            20000728
PRAI FR 1998-7070
                           19980605
     A refractory powder compn. is described for use with an aq. binder and
     contg. 1-70 wt.% particulate cellular refractory material having
     granulometry <200 .mu.m and d. <0.9, for example, perlite or glass
     microspheres. The refractory material is suitable for use in a
     lost-wax process foundry such as for dental prostheses and silver- and
     goldsmiths or jewelry. Such a refractory powder has compn. magnesium
     oxide 2-8, monobasic ammonium orthophosphate 20-30, silica (10-300 .mu.m)
     0-80, particulate cellular refractory material 1-70, additives .ltoreg.2
     wt.%. In the compn., 3-10 wt.% of the silica can be replaced by zirconium
     oxide, molochite or kaolin. The additives may consist of pigments and/or
     up to 0.1 % citric acid and/or up to 0.1 % borax and/or up to 0.1 % sodium
     silicate. The aq. binder may be water and/or an aq.
     suspension of 30 % colloidal silica. The particulate cellular
     material may consist of glass microspheres, contg.
     0.02-1 % synthetic amorphous silica. The silica content of the compn.
     increases with the granulometry of the cellular particulate material. The
     compn. may contain two types of glass microspheres,
     one of lower mean diam. (more dense - d. of 0.1-0.15) and the other of
     relatively large diam. (less dense - d. 0.2-0.25). Molded articles are
     prepd. using the refractory powder compn. mixed with aq. binder to a fluid
     paste, pouring the paste into a mold contg. an impression in wax, allowing
     the mixt. to set, heating the block obtained in a furnace such that the
    wax melts and leaves a cavity. The mold having a hollow cavity thus
     formed can be used as a mold for molten metal or ceramic.
ST
    refractory powder compn aq binder lost wax process mold
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ANSWER 8 OF 36 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

L4

ANSWER 3 OF 36 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L4AN 137:59005 CA ΤI Aqueous agrochemical suspensions containing floating hollow particle carriers IN Takahashi, Takehisa; Fujii, Shinya PAE.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Co., USA SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese IC ICM A01N025-04 A01N025-12; A01N037-22; A01N043-653; A01N047-12; A01N047-30; A01N047-36; A01N047-38; A01N057-18 5-3 (Agrochemical Bioregulators) FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----PRAI JP 2000-374884
AB The succession 20020710 JP 2000-374884 20001208 20001208 The suspensions, which show good water dispersibility and spreading property, contain agrochem. active ingredients and floating hollow particle carriers having av. particle size .ltoreq.300 .mu.m to control sp. gr. of the prepns. A slurry contg. H2O 69.4, pyributicarb 12.5, 50% Newkalgen FS-3 (propylene glycol soln.) 2, Pluronic L 61 2, propylene glycol 5, and Antifoam E 20 0.1 part was mixed with 2% xanthan gum soln. 5, 5% bentonite soln. 2, and Glass Bubbles K 15

ST agrochem aq suspension hollow particle carrier; glass microsphere carrier agrochem aq suspension

IT Glass microspheres

direct application to paddy.

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(floating hollow particles) 2 parts to give aq. suspension for

(Glass Bubbles S 22, Glass Bubbles K 15; aq. agrochem. suspensions contg. floating hollow particle carriers to control sp. gr.) \cdot